



Maths Curriculum

Year 1

Strand of maths	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
Number and place value	<p>Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.</p> <p>Given a number, identify one more and one less.</p>	<p>Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number.</p> <p>Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens</p>	<p>Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least</p>
Number- addition	<p>Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20</p> <p>Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero</p>	<p>Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (−) and equals (=) signs</p>	<p>Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = - 9$.</p>
Number - Subtraction	<p>Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20</p> <p>Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero</p>	<p>Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (−) and equals (=) signs</p>	<p>Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = - 9$.</p>
Number – Multiplication	<p>Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.</p>		
Number - Division	<p>Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.</p>		
Number - Fractions	<p>Pupils should be taught to: recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or</p>	<p>Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.</p>	<p>Pupils should be taught to: recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or</p>



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	<p>quantity</p> <p>Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.</p>		<p>quantity</p> <p>Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.</p>
Measurement	<p>Compare, describe and solve practical problems for:</p> <p>Lengths and heights ,for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half</p> <p>Mass/weight for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than</p> <p>Capacity and volume for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter</p>	<p>Measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights</p> <p>mass/weight</p> <p>capacity and volume</p> <p>Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes</p>	
Measurement - Time	<p>Compare, describe and solve practical problems for:</p> <p>Time ,for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later.</p> <p>Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years</p>	<p>Measure and begin to record the following: Time (hours, minutes, seconds) Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.</p>	<p>Sequence events in chronological order using language ,for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening</p>
Geometry – Properties of Shapes	<p>Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes ,for example, rectangles</p>	<p>Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 3-D shapes ,for example, cuboids</p>	<p>Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes</p>



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	(including squares), circles and triangles	(including cubes), pyramids and spheres].	
Geometry – Position and Direction	Pupils should be taught to: describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.	Pupils should be taught to: describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.	Pupils should be taught to: describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.