Year Group: 4/5 Topic	Autumn 1 The Firework Makers Daughter – Philip Pullman.		Autumn 2 Beowulf.		Spring 1 Kids Fight Plastic – (Martin Dorey)		Spring 2 Chocolate Tree – Linda Lowry.		Summer 1 The Creakers - Tom Fletcher		Summer 2 Chris Malinchak So Good to Me Digital Literacy (Literacy shed)	
Core Text:												
Main Writing Focus	<u>Narrative</u> Setting description. Suspense.	Focus on setting description.	<u>Narrative</u> – An event from different viewpoints	Non- fiction A chronological report of events.	<u>Narrative</u> Diary writing- animals	Non Fiction Advert- Eco Friendly Plastic Instructions- How to recycle	<u>Narrative</u> Recount	Non Fiction Non chronological report	Narrative – What would the world be like if you could do what you wanted? What would you do?	Non-fiction Explanation about how to catch a Creaker (link to mouse trap games/Home Alone sequence)	Narrative Story with an alternative ending	Non-fiction Non- chronological reports linked to a giraffe Play script - take a section of it and write a script
Short Writing Opportunities	 Setting descriptions Use of 5 senses. Expanded noun phrases. Vocabulary choices. Recount. 		 Creat chara 	paper report. e a mythical cter. ative viewpoint.	 Advert for recycling Newspaper report on environment Description of animal Persuasive sentences 		 Information text. Balanced argument. Story opening. Persuasive text. 		 Character/setting descriptions. Command style sentences Descriptive vocabulary linked to senses Thought bubbles 		 Factual posters descriptions 	
Longer Writing Opportunities.	 Write anoth point Chara 	entry. the story from ner characyers of view. acter ersations.	id Be Narra	ission/argument owulf a hero? tive. a myth.	 Instru- recyc Diary Adve frience Factu- using 	Jasive writing Ictions for of an animal rtisement of eco- Ily plastic Ial description technical pulary.	Non-(repor	spaper report.	 Expla how t Creal mous game seque What be lik what 	nation about o catch a ker (link to le trap s/Home Alone	alter • Chro linke • Play	y with an native ending nological reports d to a giraffe script - take a on of it and write ript

			Key Teaching Focus	; NC		
Sentence structure	 Use expanded noun phrases by the addition of a modifying adjective e.g. the strict maths teacher with curly hair turned to stare at her. And/or the addition of a prepositional phrase e.g. the enormous spider in the bath ran to take cover 	 Manage a variety of sentence types and length e.g. use of standard English vs dialect Powerful verbs Repetition Show not tell 	 Consistent use of third person. Adverbs of frequency 	 Time connectives. Persuasive language. Ordering events. Use adverbials to link ideas across paragraphs. 	 Noun phrases expanded by the addition of prepositions Subordination conductions e.g. after the parents had gone all the children could Prepositional phrases e.g. we could swim in the Subject reference e.g. parents, enemy Link ideas through tense choices. 	Fronted adverbials
Punctuation	Use inverted commas to demarcate speech	 Follows punctuation rules for speech Characters thoughts and speech - Shorter writing task Begins to follow rules for interrupted speech. 	 Use of questions to intrigue reader 	Question marks.Bullet points.	 Revise apostrophes for plural possession 	 Comma after a fronted adverbial
Text Structure and Organisation	 Introduction of paragraphing 	 Appropriate choice of pronoun or noun to avoid repetition 	 Paragraphs Subheadings Usually uses commas for phrases or clauses. 	 Conjunctions Clear title. Repeated phrases. Moral. Relative clauses. 	 Organise non-fiction writing appropriately Numbered points within explanation Subordinating conjunctions. 	 Organise ideas into paragraphs around a theme Simple adverbials used to open a section and as a device to connect Some connective adverbs.
Composition and Effect	 Expanded noun phrases are used for description or to make specific information clear e.g. the big, brown dog, the salted butter, Danny was not a <u>bad runner</u> 	 View point or characterisation conveyed through description Use words deliberately to enhance the argument 	 Clear use of introductory sentences Factual description 	 Viewpoint conveyed through description and behaviour. Characterisation through dialogue. In narrative describes atmosphere. 	 Rich and varied vocabulary Different viewpoints e.g from the children's point of view 	 Rich and varied vocabulary Create characters, setting and plot. Use of subject specific vocabulary

	Characterisation- through precise careful choices.	Link information across sentences using connectives				
Reading Spine (Other books to supplement the topic)	 Cookbooks and recipes (inspiration for ingredients) Good examples of diary entries/ character descriptions. 	 Different versions of Beowulf. The Tyger. The Highwayman. 	 A Planet full of Plastic Plastic Bag What a waste 	 Aladdin. Aesops Fables. 	 Grandpa's Great Escape. Into the Forest. Gulliver's Travels. Moby Dick. 	

Highlighted objectives year 5.